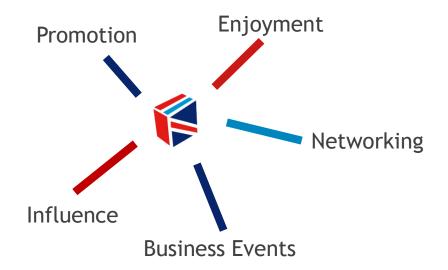


Established in 1992, The BCC provides its members in Luxembourg's international English-speaking community with a platform for networking with decision makers and business contacts, promoting their companies, products and services, and obtaining and exchanging information on the latest developments affecting business and living and working in Luxembourg.





Open business club









# **VAT Update**

**Karine Bellony - Founding Partner VAT Solutions** 



## 2019/20 VAT Update - Hear it from the Experts

24<sup>th</sup> January 2019 Deloitte Luxembourg



# 2019/20 VAT Update - Hear it from the Experts

#### **Agenda**

Update on Brexit VAT changes for 2019 The VAT Group regime: Not just for the financial industry! VAT changes announced for 2020 ... and after

4



## Update on Brexit

On 15<sup>th</sup> January 2019, the withdrawal agreement between the EU and the UK was rejected by the UK parliament The transition period, during which current VAT and customs rules would have applied until end of 2020, was part of the rejected agreement

Possible options are now as follows:

- The UK negotiates a new withdrawal agreement with the EU
- Or the UK revokes unilaterally its notification to withdraw from the EU (as the theoretical possibility to do so was confirmed by the ECJ on 10<sup>th</sup> December 2018 Case C-621/18)
- Or the withdrawal date of 29th March 2019 is postponed
- Or the UK withdraws from the EU on 29<sup>th</sup> March 2019 without any withdrawal agreement

If the last option applies, the <u>impact of Brexit on VAT and customs</u>, as explained during the BCC VAT & Customs conference held on 27th September 2017, remains applicable



## VAT changes for 2019

#### **Vouchers**

New articles 19bis and 19ter of the LVATL (Directive 2016/1065)

#### E-commerce

New provisions of the articles 17.2.7bis, • 56 quinquies.2. & 63.3.c. of the LVATL (Directive 2017/2455)

Definition of the **concept of vouchers**: Distinguish between single- and multi-purpose vouchers.

- Single purpose voucher: any transfer of such a voucher by a taxable person is subject to VAT
- Multi purpose voucher: only the actual handing over of goods or provision of service is subject to VAT
- New yearly threshold of 10 000 EUR to determine the place of taxation of telecommunication, broadcasting and electronically supplied services supplied to non taxable persons in the EU
- Non EU suppliers, who are required to be registered for VAT in the EU for other activities, are now allowed to use the VATMOSS system
- Invoices must be issued in conformity with the LVATL if the Luxembourg VATMOSS system is used for telecommunication, broadcasting and electronically supplied services to non taxable persons

#### **Normal value**

Circular Nr 790 dated 18th January 2019

Comments concerning the new article 28.3. of the LVATL implementing the concept of "**normal value**" to determine the taxable basis of transactions between related parties (article 4 of the Law dated 6<sup>th</sup> August 2018)

#### **AEDT organisation**

Circular Nr 791 dated 18th January 2019

Comments concerning the **new organisation of the execution services** of the AEDT. No particular changes for VAT – The *Recette Centrale* in Luxembourg remains competent for VAT & the competence of *Bureaux d'imposition* remains unchanged



# The VAT group: not only for the financial industry

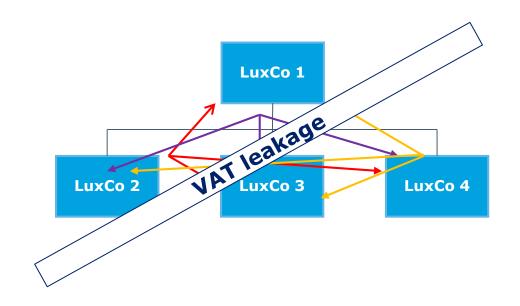
Michel Lambion - Managing Director, Indirect Tax, Deloitte Luxembourg

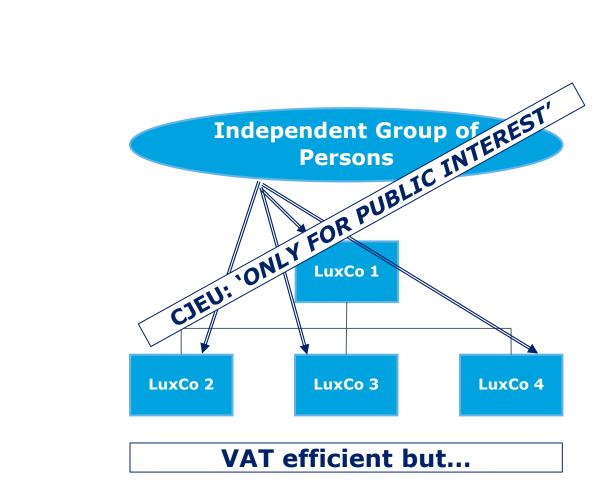
## Introduction

From a tool restriction to a broader tool

#### Introduction

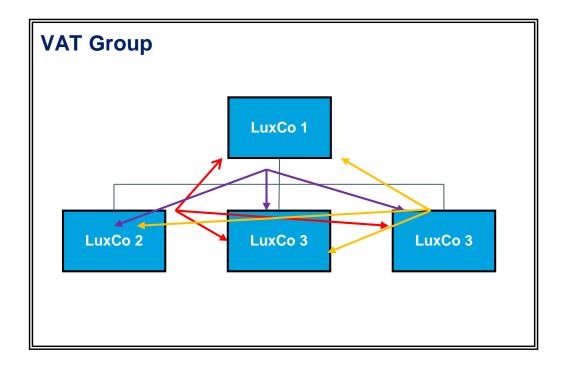
## The Independent Group of Person restriction





#### Introduction

The VAT group – A remedy that goes further...





Law of 26 July 2018, in force as from 31 July 2018

# The VAT group in the European Union

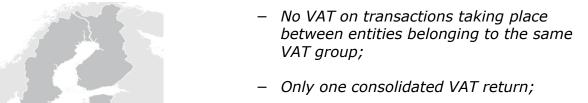
Overview

# The VAT group within the European Union Overview

### Based on a provision of the EU VAT Directive

 (...) each Member State may regard as a single taxable person any persons established in the territory of that Member State who, while legally independent, are closely bound to one another by financial, economic and organizational links

#### **Implemented in 18 EU Member States**



Member State;

4 main features

 Joint VAT liability of the members during their belonging to the group.

Only entities established in the same

Austria
Belgium
Cyprus
Czech Republic
Denmark
Estonia
Finland
Germany
Hungary
Ireland
Latvia
Luxembourg
Malta
Netherlands
Slovak Republic
Sweden
UK

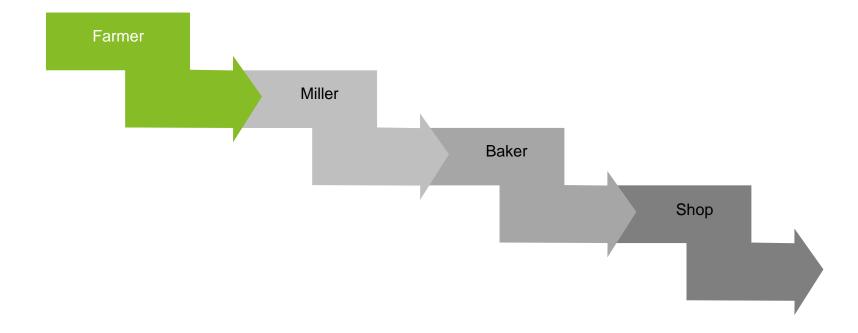
62% of EU population 69% of EU PIB Bulgaria Croatia France Greece Lithuania Poland Portugal Romania Slovenia Spain

38% of EU population 31% of EU PIB

# The VAT group in Luxembourg Overview

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Key concept: "the integrated undertaking" or "value chain"



Design of the VAT group provisions in Luxembourg

# **Eligibility?** Taxable and **non taxable persons** (holdings) Individuals/entities without legal personality Luxembourg branch of foreign companies Available to all industries A person could be part of only **one** Luxembourg unity: JV! Membership to a group could last at least two civil years Organizational, economic and financial links are required

#### Design of the VAT group provisions in Luxembourg

#### **Economic link**

- The main activity of the members is of the same nature, or
- The activities of the members are complementary or influence themselves or are part of a same common economic objective, or
- The activity of a member is exercised totally or partly for the economic activities of the other members



Setting up a VAT group is an option but when it is decided to set up a VAT group, all members that meet the three criteria must be members!

**NO CHERRY-PICKING!** 

#### **Financial link**



Article 1711-1§1, 1, 1°, 2° and 3° of the Luxembourg corporate

A company must draw up consolidated accounts and a consolidated report if it:

- 1° Has a majority of the shareholders' or members' voting rights in another undertaking; or
- 2° Has the right to appoint or remove a majority of the members of the administrative, management or supervisory body of another undertaking and is at that time a shareholder in or member of that undertaking; or
- 3° Is a shareholder in or member of an undertaking, and control alone, pursuant to an agreement with other shareholders in or members of that undertaking, a majority of shareholders' or member's voting rights in that undertaking

#### **Opt-out clause**

The non-participation does not lead to a tax saving The potential member is not integrated in the value chain between other members

#### **Organizational link**

- a common management; or
- concerted manner; or
- Are legally or de facto, directly or indirectly, under the control of one single person.

• Are legally or de facto, directly or indirectly under Organize their activities totally or partly in a

# The VAT group in Luxembourg Set-up and exit

# The Luxembourg VAT group Set-up and exit

## The VAT group must designate a representative

- the «head» of the control, or
- the one with the highest turnover or income, or
- The one who is the most "capable"
- The representative must have an access to the information of all members and the necessary resource

The representative is the first responsible of all payments towards the VAT authorities.

## The VAT group must register for VAT purposes

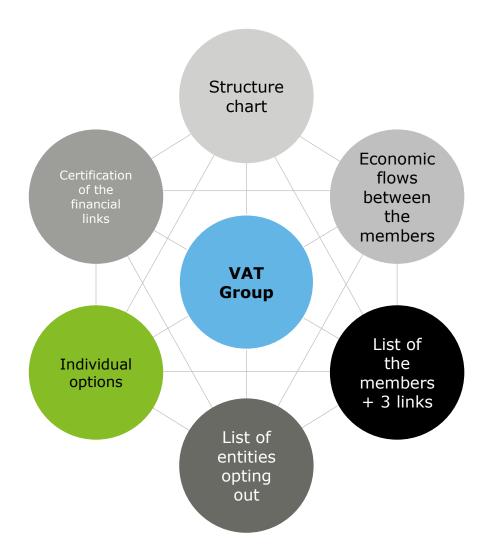
The VAT group is a "tax fiction". The granting of the VAT number is **not** a confirmation of the validity of the group

→ No "preclearance" but ...

 The declaration enters in force the 1st day of the month following a delay of 15 days starting as from the reception of the request by the VAT authorities

Set-up and exit – Documents for the VAT registration

To be renewed every year



# The Luxembourg VAT group Set-up and exit

Entry of new member or exit of member must be notified within 15 days

Exception for restructuring: 11 months as from the last day of the month when the conditions for being a member are met

As from the entry in the group, each member is deemed to cease its own activity

# The VAT group in Luxembourg

Day-to-day

# The Luxembourg VAT group Group VAT number and Auxiliary VAT numbers

#### **Group VAT number**

- Filing of th consolidated VAT returns
- VAT refunds in other EU member states
- Registration under the MOSS



#### **Auxiliary VAT numbers**

The VAT numbers of the members will be kept and become "auxiliary numbers" of the VAT group and will be used for relationship with third parties.

If a member leaves the group, it will get its VAT number back.

- Invoices to third parties
- Invoices from third parties
- European Services /Sales listing

## Day-to-day

Transaction between members	Each transaction between members must be documented by a specific document or a document replacing the invoice:
	<ul> <li>Nature, value, place and date of the transaction</li> </ul>
	If a document replacing the invoice is issued it must refer to the VAT group regime
Group VAT return appendices	The group must enclose to the annual VAT return the amounts of transactions made between the members
Responsibility of the group for VAT adjustments	The group is the successor of the members for the adjustments of the taxable basis and the adjustments of the VAT deducted including the VAT adjustments on capital goods
Responsibility of a member leaving the group for VAT adjustments	When a member leaves the group, he is the successor of the group for the adjustments of the taxable basis for transactions performed during his appurtenance to the VAT group and the adjustments of deducted VAT including the VAT adjustments on capital goods

#### Advantages for taxpayers with a full input VAT deduction

## Preventing the pre-financing of VAT on internal transactions

Tax payers in a VAT credit position may have to wait up to the assessment of their annual return to actually recover their cash.

#### **Administrative simplification (?)**

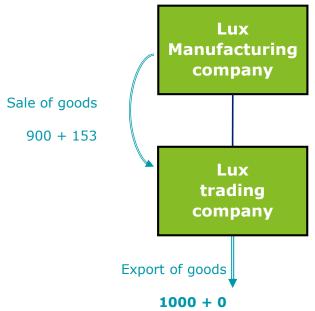
- Clearing of payments
- One single return (but...)

## **Enhance the VAT situation of other members**

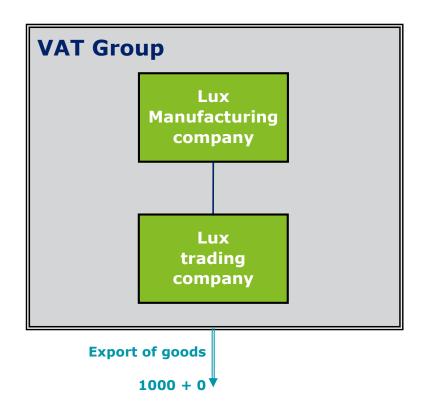
e.g. finance or holding companies

# The VAT group in Luxembourg Examples

### Example: Trading company

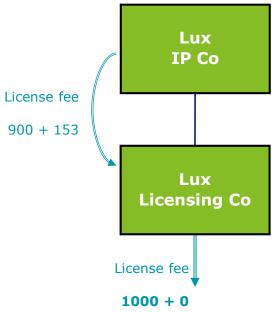


	VAT prefinancing
Lux Manufacturing	0
Lux trading	153
Total	153

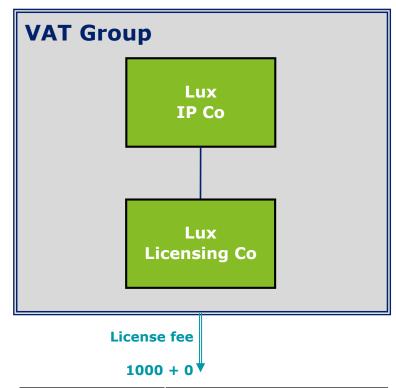


	VAT prefinancing
VAT Group	0
Total	0

### Example: IP company

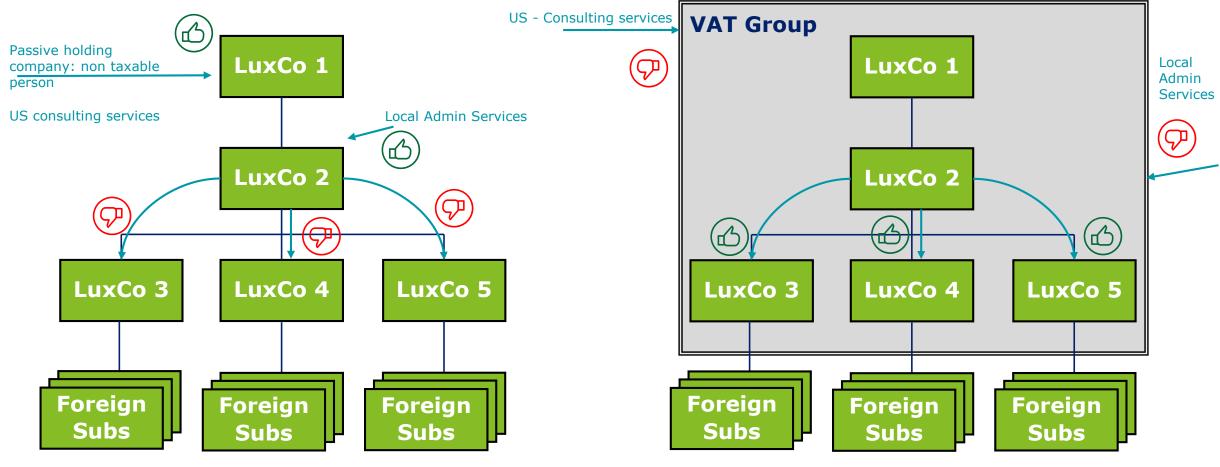


	VAT prefinancing
Lux IP Co	0
Lux Licensing Co	153
Total	153



	VAT prefinancing
VAT Group	0
Total	0

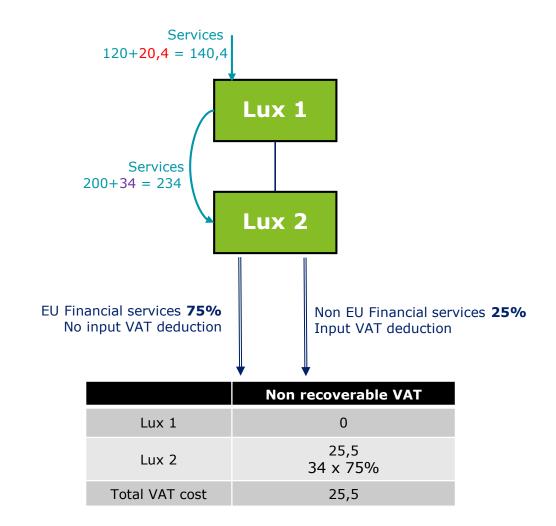
#### Example – Holding structures

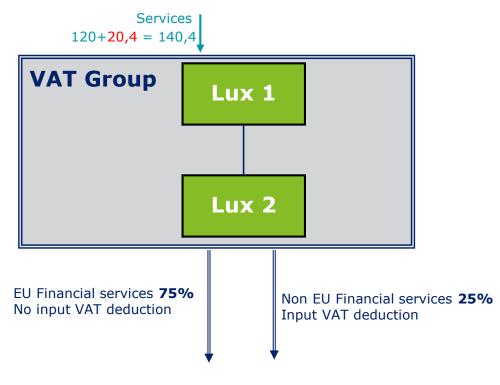


Triggering a final VAT cost

Not triggering a final VAT cost

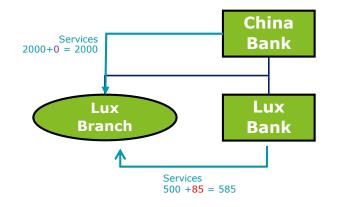
### Example - Limited VAT deduction



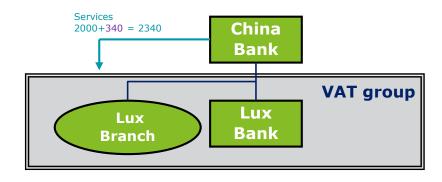


	Non recoverable VAT
VAT Group	15,3 20,4 x 75%
Total VAT cost	15,3

#### Example – Bank with a branch



	non déductible VAT
Lux Branch	85
LuxCo	0
Total VAT cost	85



	non deductible VAT
VAT group	340
Total VAT cost	340

30

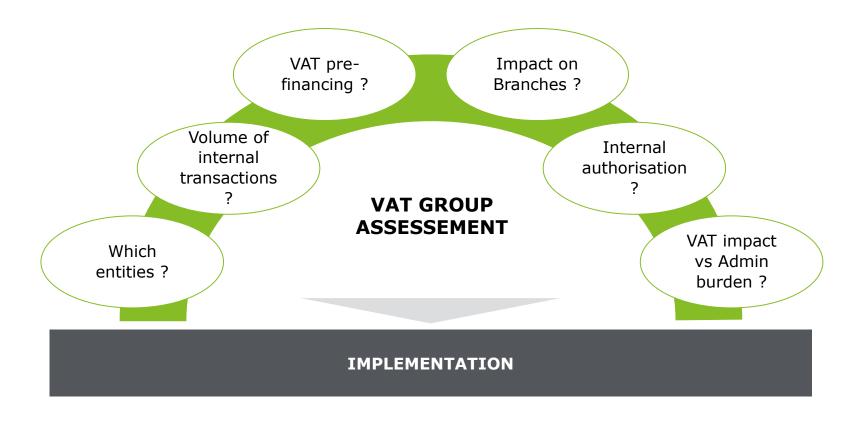


The VAT position of branches is due to a CJEU decision (Skandia) applicable in all EU:

VAT groups in other Member states are faced with the same issue

# The VAT group in Luxembourg Conclusion

# The Luxembourg VAT group Key points to consider



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# **VAT Changes**

**Karine Bellony - Founding Partner VAT Solutions** 



#### VAT changes announced for 2020

#### **Proofs of intracommunity supply**

(EU Regulation 2018/1912)

Defines the nature of evidence the vendor shall keep to justify the exemption for intracommunity (IC) supply of goods.

Vendor shall be in possession of at least two items of non-contradictory evidence, which were issued by two different parties that are independent of each other, of the vendor and of the acquirer

## **Exemption for intracommunity supply**

(EU Directive 2018/1910)

New substantive conditions for the application of the exemption for IC supply of goods:

- The taxable person who buys the goods is registered for VAT in a member state other than that in which the transport begins, and has indicated his VAT number to his supplier
- The supplier has declared the transaction in his recap statement for IC supply of goods

#### **Consignment stock**

(EU Directive 2019/1910) (EU Regulation 2018/1909) In case a company transfers goods of its own to another EU member state, and the goods are to be sold to a pre-identified taxable person in that member state at the time of the transfer, the company transferring the goods no longer needs to register for VAT in that member state Substantive and formal conditions apply

#### **Chain transactions**

(EU Directive 2018/1910)

Defines the way to abscribe the transport in case the same goods are supplied successively and those goods are dispatched or transported from one Member State to another Member State directly from the first supplier to the last customer in the chain



#### VAT changes announced and expected effective 2021

#### E-commerce 2021

(Directive 2017/2455) (+proposal of Directive and EU Regulation dated 11<sup>th</sup> December 2018)

- Distance sale of goods are taxable in the country of destination
- Extension of the VATMOSS system to other type of services and to distance sale of goods
- Taxable persons who facilitate supplies made by other taxable persons through the use of an electronic interface such as marketplace, platform, portal or similar means are liable for VAT on the supplies made by the users of this interface

#### And ... after 2022 ?

Proposal of Directives dated 18th January 2018

Measures for small entrepreneurs

Pan European tax exemption scheme for yearly revenues below 100 000 EUR

#### VAT rates

Simplification of VAT rates: reduced VAT rates can apply to all goods that are not listed in an appendix

Proposal of Directive dated 25th May 2018

Implementation of the destination principle for IC supply of goods

- IC VAT exemptions will no longer apply (VAT of the destination country due by the seller)
- Wide use of the VATMOSS system
- Trusted and reliable taxable persons recognized as Certified taxable persons can access simplification measures



## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION





## ANY QUESTIONS?





### Speakers



Karine Bellony
Founding Partner
VAT Solutions
Tel: 1252 26 045 044

Tel: +352 26 915 944 15 Email: karine.bellony@vat-

solutions.com



Michel Lambion
Managing Director, Indirect Tax
Deloitte Tax & Consulting
Tel: +352 451 453 993

Email: milambion@deloitte.lu